### FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

# 601 NEW JERSEY AVENUE, NW SUITE 9500 WASHINGTON, DC 20001

May 14, 2009

SECRETARY OF LABOR, : MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH : ADMINISTRATION (MSHA) :

: Docket No. WEST 2009-344-M

v. : A.C. No. 35-00524-156092 A

:

RON POWELL, employed by : OAKRIDGE SAND & GRAVEL :

BEFORE: Duffy, Chairman; Jordan, Young, and Cohen, Commissioners

### ORDER

#### BY THE COMMISSION:

This matter arises under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. § 801 et seq. (2006) ("Mine Act"). On January 7, 2009, the Commission received from Ron Powell a request to reopen a penalty assessment against Powell under section 110(c) of the Mine Act, 30 U.S.C. § 820(c), that had become a final order of the Commission pursuant to section 105(a) of the Mine Act, 30 U.S.C. § 815(a).

Under the Commission's Procedural Rules, an individual charged under section 110(c) has 30 days following receipt of the proposed penalty assessment within which to notify the Secretary of Labor that he or she wishes to contest the penalty. 29 C.F.R. § 2700.26. If the individual fails to notify the Secretary, the proposed penalty assessment is deemed a final order of the Commission. 29 C.F.R. § 2700.27.

We have held, however, that in appropriate circumstances, we possess jurisdiction to reopen uncontested assessments that have become final Commission orders. *Jim Walter Res.*, *Inc.*, 15 FMSHRC 782, 786-89 (May 1993) ("*JWR*"). In evaluating requests to reopen final section 105(a) orders, the Commission has found guidance in Rule 60(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure under which, for example, a party could be entitled to relief from a final order of the Commission on the basis of mistake, inadvertence, or excusable neglect. *See* 29 C.F.R. § 2700.1(b) ("the Commission and its Judges shall be guided so far as practicable by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure"); *JWR*, 15 FMSHRC at 787. We have also observed that default is a harsh remedy and that, if the defaulting party can make a showing of good cause for a failure to

timely respond, the case may be reopened and appropriate proceedings on the merits permitted. *See Coal Prep. Servs., Inc.*, 17 FMSHRC 1529, 1530 (Sept. 1995).

The Secretary supports reopening of the proposed penalty assessment in order that the parties' agreement to settle the penalty assessment can be approved. The record indicates that there had been confusion as to which penalties were included in the settlement being negotiated among the parties and, as a result, the penalties involving Mr. Powell were not timely contested.

Having reviewed Mr. Powell's request and the Secretary's response, we grant reopening and hereby remand this matter to the Chief Administrative Law Judge for a ruling on the motion for approval of the settlement attached to the Secretary's response.

Micha	el F. Duffy, Chairman
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Mary 1	Lu Jordan, Commissioner
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Micha	el G. Young, Commissioner
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