FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

601 NEW JERSEY AVENUE, NW SUITE 9500 WASHINGTON, DC 20001

December 26, 2007

SECRETARY OF LABOR, : MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH : ADMINISTRATION (MSHA) :

: Docket No. WEST 2008-111-M

v. : A.C. No. 02-00024-123320 AB8

:

JAMES HAMILTON CONSTRUCTION

BEFORE: Duffy, Chairman; Jordan and Young, Commissioners

ORDER

BY THE COMMISSION:

This matter arises under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. § 801 et seq. (2000) ("Mine Act"). On October 23, 2007, the Commission received from James Hamilton Construction ("Hamilton") a motion by counsel seeking to reopen a penalty assessment that had become a final order of the Commission pursuant to section 105(a) of the Mine Act, 30 U.S.C. § 815(a).

Under section 105(a) of the Mine Act, an operator who wishes to contest a proposed penalty must notify the Secretary of Labor no later than 30 days after receiving the proposed penalty assessment. If the operator fails to notify the Secretary, the proposed penalty assessment is deemed a final order of the Commission. 30 U.S.C. § 815(a).

On July 26, 2007, the Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration ("MSHA") issued a proposed penalty assessment to Hamilton. In Hamilton's motion to reopen, it asserts that it responded to MSHA within 30 days of receipt of the proposed penalty assessment. It claims that it received the proposed assessment form on August 10, 2007, and that the final day to respond fell on September 9, which is a Sunday. Accordingly, Hamilton asserts that it mailed its contest on Monday, September 10, which would have been timely. In response, the Secretary states that she does not oppose reopening the proposed penalty

¹ We note that the Assessment Form, which is attached as an Exhibit to Hamilton's motion, is stamped "Received August 6, 2007."

proceeding.

We have held that in appropriate circumstances, we possess jurisdiction to reopen uncontested assessments that have become final Commission orders under section 105(a). *Jim Walter Res., Inc.*, 15 FMSHRC 782, 786-89 (May 1993) ("*JWR*"). In evaluating requests to reopen final section 105(a) orders, the Commission has found guidance in Rule 60(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure under which, for example, a party could be entitled to relief from a final order of the Commission on the basis of inadvertence or mistake. *See* 29 C.F.R. § 2700.1(b) ("the Commission and its Judges shall be guided so far as practicable by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure"); *JWR*, 15 FMSHRC at 787. We have also observed that default is a harsh remedy and that, if the defaulting party can make a showing of good cause for a failure to timely respond, the case may be reopened and appropriate proceedings on the merits permitted. *See Coal Prep. Servs., Inc.*, 17 FMSHRC 1529, 1530 (Sept. 1995).

On the basis of the present record, we are unable to evaluate the merits of Hamilton's position. In the interest of justice, we remand this matter to the Chief Administrative Law Judge for a determination of whether Hamilton failed to timely contest the penalty proposal and, if so, whether good cause exists for granting relief from the final order. If it is determined that such relief is appropriate, this case shall proceed pursuant to the Mine Act and the Commission's Procedural Rules, 29 C.F.R. Part 2700.

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